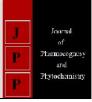


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# Application of organic manures and their influence on okra growth parameters

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#### Abstract

A study was conducted at Organic Farming Research Centre of SKUAST -Jammu to find out the impact of organic manures on okra growth parameters. Maximum and minimum value identified was 12.23 g and 11.05 g in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub> in per fruit weight, 239.17 g and 186.42 g in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub> in fruit weight per plant, 146.32 q ha<sup>-1</sup> and 111.03 q ha<sup>-1</sup> in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub> in crop yield, 40.66 and 33.33 in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub> in seeds per fruit, 26.32 q ha<sup>-1</sup> and 24.58 q ha<sup>-1</sup> in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub> in total seed yield, 789.36 g and 562.50 g in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub> in seed yield per plant, 31.53 cm<sup>3</sup> and 21.75 cm<sup>3</sup> in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub> in root volume, 15.69 cm and 13.53 cm in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub> in root length, 40.00 cm and 29.23 cm in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub> in plant height (25 DAS), 80.14 cm and 76.12 cm in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub> in no. of fruits per plant, 12.71 cm and 10.66 cm in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub> in fruit length of okra.

Keywords: Okra, organic manures, yield

#### Introduction

In recent years, because of awareness among human population about the Earth's capability to support enough crop yields to sustain the world's growing population much has been written about impact on soil quality in relation to food security (Lal and Stewart 2010) <sup>[5]</sup>. In the context of this brief discussion of organic fertilizers and soil health, it is important to put the global situation with respect to food availability. The food balance sheets prepared by the United Nations Food and Agricultural Organization (FAO) show that more than 99.7% of human food (calories) comes from the terrestrial environment, i.e., agricultural land (Pimentel and Wilson 2004) <sup>[7]</sup> and much efforts are required to sustain the production and soil health. With this regard, organics come as a savior in soil sustainability and productivity concept. Okra (Abelmoschus esculentus) which is an important summer vegetable which belongs to family Malvaceae (Maurya *et al.*, 2013) <sup>[6]</sup>. Okra responds very well to organic manure application and is an efficient in fertilizer use which is the key to its higher growth and yield (Buob, 2008; Kumar, 2019) <sup>[3]</sup>.

#### **Material and Method**

Geographically the experimental site is located at 32°39'35.5"N latitude and 74°47'35.0"E longitude at an elevation of 332 meters above the mean sea level in site the Shivalik foothill plains of North-Western Himalayas.

#### **Experimental details**

The experiment consisted of following 10 treatments:

| Treatments            | Input                             | Qty. applied tonne ha <sup>-1</sup> on the basis of Nitrogen<br>requirement *,** |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| T1                    | No application                    | Nil  |
| T <sub>2</sub>        | Farm Yard Manure                  | 10.00  |
| <b>T</b> <sub>3</sub> | Vermicompost                      | 6.60   |
| $T_4$                 | Poultry Manure                    | 2.91   |
| <b>T</b> 5            | Neem Cake                         | 2.00   |
| <b>T</b> <sub>6</sub> | Farm Yard Manure + Poultry Manure | 5 + 1.45   |
| <b>T</b> <sub>7</sub> | Farm Yard Manure + Neem Cake      | 5 + 1.00   |
| $T_8$                 | Vermicompost + Poultry Manure     | 3.30 + 1.45  |
| <b>T</b> 9            | Vermicompost + Neem Cake          | 3.30 + 1.00  |
| T <sub>10</sub>       | Neem Cake + Poultry Manure        | 1.00 + 1.45  |

\*Blanket application of FYM @10 tonne ha<sup>-1</sup> was done

\*\*Dhaincha was incorporated as a source of green manure

#### **Crop and Site Detail**

- ➢ Total treatments: 10
- ➤ Total replications: 3
- ➤ Total no. of plots: 30
- Design: RCBD

#### Okra

- Spacing: 45cms (Row) X 30cms (Plant)
- Variety: Seli Special
- ➢ Seed rate: 20-25 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>
- ➢ N:P: K requirement: 100:60:60

#### Broccoli

- Spacing: 60cms (Row) X 45cms (Plant)
- Variety: Early Green
- Seed rate: 300-400g ha<sup>-1</sup>
- ➢ N:P: K requirement: 120:60:60

#### Dhaincha

Dhaincha seed was broadcasted in the experimental field @ 50 kg ha<sup>-1</sup> and green matter was incorporated 45 DAS.

Experimental site: Organic Farming Research Centre of SKUAST -Jammu

#### **Data collection**

There were altogether 30 plants in each plot. There were 18 border plants and 12 inner plants. Out of the 12 inner plants, 5 plants were sampled by using randomizer application and the data were collected on the following parameters.

Per fruit weight Fruit Weight per plant Crop yield Seeds per fruit Total seed yield Seed yield per plant Root Volume Root Length Plant Height 25 DAS Plant Height 50 DAS Plant Height 75 DAS No. of fruits per plant Fruit Length

#### **Statistical Analysis**

The data on various characters studied during the course of investigation were statistically analyzed by using Tukey's test with an aim to figure out which groups in our sample differ by using "Honest Significant Difference," a number that represents the distance between groups, to compare every mean with every other mean.

#### Results

### Effect of manures on okra growth parameters Per fruit weight of Okra

During  $1^{st}$  year of experiment, significant improvement in per fruit weight with organic manure application was observed in Okra as compared to control (Table 1). In year 2016, the maximum weight per fruit observed was 10.19 g in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum of 9.21 g in T<sub>1</sub>. However; T<sub>8</sub> was at par with T<sub>7</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value 9.91 g was better as compared to T<sub>2</sub>, T<sub>3</sub> and T<sub>5</sub> and was at par with T<sub>6</sub>, T<sub>9</sub> and T<sub>10</sub>. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value 10.19 g was noticed. Table 1: Effect of organic manures on per fruit weight (g) in okra

| Treatment    | 2016                | 2017                | Mean                |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| T1: Control  | 9.21ª               | 11.05 <sup>a</sup>  | 10.13 <sup>a</sup>  |
| T2: FYM      | 9.43 <sup>ab</sup>  | 11.32 <sup>ab</sup> | 10.38 <sup>ab</sup> |
| T3: VC       | 9.78 <sup>cd</sup>  | 11.74 <sup>cd</sup> | 10.76 <sup>cd</sup> |
| T4: PM       | 9.91 <sup>de</sup>  | 11.89 <sup>de</sup> | 10.90 <sup>de</sup> |
| T5: NC       | 9.58 <sup>bc</sup>  | 11.50 <sup>bc</sup> | 10.55 <sup>bc</sup> |
| T6: FYM + PM | 10.33 <sup>de</sup> | 12.04 <sup>de</sup> | 11.03 <sup>de</sup> |
| T7: FYM + NC | 10.14 <sup>e</sup>  | 12.17 <sup>e</sup>  | 11.16 <sup>e</sup>  |
| T8: VC + PM  | 10.19 <sup>e</sup>  | 12.23 <sup>e</sup>  | 11.21 <sup>e</sup>  |
| T9: VC + NC  | 9.94 <sup>de</sup>  | 11.93 <sup>de</sup> | 10.94 <sup>de</sup> |
| T10: NC + PM | 10.08 <sup>de</sup> | 12.10 <sup>de</sup> | 11.09 <sup>de</sup> |

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

In consecutive year 2017, again significant effect of treatments on fruit weight was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was 12.23 g and 11.05 g in  $T_8$  and  $T_1$ . However;  $T_8$  was at par with  $T_7$ . In individual treatment, the  $T_4$  performed well as highest value observed was 11.89 g which was also at par with  $T_6$ ,  $T_9$  and  $T_{10}$ . In combination context, the finest performance was observed in  $T_8$  which depicted highest fruit weight of 12.23 g.

Similarly, mean values followed the same pattern as above. The maximum value 11.21 g was observed in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum was 10.13 g in T<sub>1</sub>. Similarly, T<sub>8</sub> was at par with T<sub>7</sub> and T<sub>4</sub> was at par with T<sub>6</sub>, T<sub>9</sub> and T<sub>10</sub>.

#### Fruit Weight per plant

During 1<sup>st</sup> year of experiment, significant improvement in fruit weight per plant was observed in Okra as compared to control. (Table 2) In year 2016, the maximum weight per fruit observed was 173.31 g in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum observed was 135.08 g in T<sub>1</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value 150.87 g was better as compared to T<sub>2</sub>, T<sub>3</sub> and T<sub>5</sub> and was at par with T<sub>9</sub> and T<sub>10</sub>. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value 173.31 g was noticed. Similarly, T<sub>2</sub> was found at par with T<sub>3</sub>.

 Table 2: Effect of organic manures on per fruit weight per plant (g) in okra

| Treatment    | 2016                  | 2017                  | Mean                  |
|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| T1: Control  | 135.08 <sup>a</sup>   | 186.42 <sup>a</sup>   | 160.75 <sup>a</sup>   |
| T2: FYM      | 147.78 <sup>abc</sup> | 203.94 <sup>abc</sup> | 175.86 <sup>abc</sup> |
| T3: VC       | 146.76 <sup>abc</sup> | 202.52 <sup>abc</sup> | 174.64 <sup>abc</sup> |
| T4: PM       | 150.87 <sup>bcd</sup> | 211.38 <sup>abc</sup> | 181.12 <sup>abc</sup> |
| T5: NC       | 143.90 <sup>ab</sup>  | 198.58 <sup>ab</sup>  | 171.24 <sup>ab</sup>  |
| T6: FYM + PM | 167.22 <sup>cd</sup>  | 230.77 <sup>cd</sup>  | 198.99 <sup>cd</sup>  |
| T7: FYM + NC | 165.74 <sup>cd</sup>  | 228.72 <sup>cd</sup>  | 197.23 <sup>cd</sup>  |
| T8: VC + PM  | 173.31 <sup>d</sup>   | 239.17 <sup>d</sup>   | 206.24 <sup>d</sup>   |
| T9: VC + NC  | 159.28 <sup>bcd</sup> | 219.81 <sup>bcd</sup> | 189.54 <sup>bcd</sup> |
| T10: NC + PM | 161.36 <sup>bcd</sup> | 222.68 <sup>bcd</sup> | 192.02 <sup>bcd</sup> |

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

In consecutive year 2017, again significant effect of treatments was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was 239.17 g and 186.42 g in  $T_8$  and  $T_1$ . However,  $T_8$  was at par with  $T_7$ . In individual treatment, the  $T_4$  performed well as highest value notified was 211.38 g which was also at par with  $T_9$  and  $T_{10}$ . In combination context, the finest performance was observed in  $T_8$  which depicted highest weight of 239.17 g.

Similarly mean values followed the same pattern as above. The maximum value of 206.24 g was observed in  $T_8$  and minimum of 160.75 g in  $T_1$ . Similarly,  $T_2$  was found to be at par with  $T_3$  and  $T_4$  and  $T_9$  was at par with  $T_{10}$ .

#### Crop yield: Okra

During  $1^{st}$  year of experiment, significant improvement in crop yield was observed in Okra as compared to control (Table 3). In year 2016, the maximum yield observed was 135.49 q ha<sup>-1</sup> in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum observed was 105.87 q ha<sup>-1</sup> in T<sub>1</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value 134.78 q ha<sup>-1</sup> was better as compared to T<sub>2</sub>, T<sub>3</sub> and T<sub>5</sub> and was at par with T<sub>8</sub>. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value of 135.49 q ha<sup>-1</sup> was noticed. Similarly, T<sub>10</sub> was found to be at par with T<sub>6</sub> and T<sub>3</sub>. Also, T<sub>7</sub> was found at par with T<sub>9</sub>.

Table 3: Effect of organic manures on per fruit yield (quintals ha-1)of okra

| 2016                | 2017  | Mean   |
|---------------------|---|--|
| 105.87 <sup>a</sup> | 111.03 <sup>a</sup>   | 108.45 <sup>a</sup>  |
| 120.86 <sup>b</sup> | 130.67 <sup>b</sup>   | 125.77 <sup>b</sup>  |
| 131.02 <sup>e</sup> | 133.95°   | 132.49 <sup>d</sup>  |
| 134.78 <sup>f</sup> | 139.29 <sup>e</sup>   | 137.04 <sup>f</sup>  |
| 126.52 <sup>c</sup> | 131.06 <sup>b</sup>   | 128.80 <sup>c</sup>  |
| 131.08 <sup>e</sup> | 141.02 <sup>e</sup>   | 136.06 <sup>ef</sup>   |
| 129.03 <sup>d</sup> | 135.27 <sup>cd</sup>  | 132.15 <sup>d</sup>  |
| 135.49 <sup>f</sup> | 146.32 <sup>f</sup>   | 140.91 <sup>g</sup>  |
| 129.15 <sup>d</sup> | 136.74 <sup>d</sup>   | 132.95 <sup>d</sup>  |
| 131.30 <sup>e</sup> | 139.13 <sup>e</sup>   | 135.22 <sup>e</sup>  |
|                     | $\begin{array}{c} 105.87^a \\ 120.86^b \\ 131.02^e \\ 134.78^f \\ 126.52^c \\ 131.08^e \\ 129.03^d \\ 135.49^f \\ 129.15^d \\ 131.30^e \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c ccccc} 105.87^a & 111.03^a \\ 120.86^b & 130.67^b \\ 131.02^e & 133.95^c \\ 134.78^f & 139.29^e \\ 126.52^c & 131.06^b \\ 131.08^e & 141.02^e \\ 129.03^d & 135.27^{cd} \\ 135.49^f & 146.32^f \\ 129.15^d & 136.74^d \\ \end{array}$ |

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

In consecutive year 2017, again significant effect of treatments was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was 146.32 q ha<sup>-1</sup> and 111.03 q ha<sup>-1</sup> in  $T_8$  and  $T_1$ . In individual treatment, the  $T_4$  performed well as highest value notified was 139.29 q ha<sup>-1</sup>; however,  $T_4$  was at par with  $T_6$  and  $T_{10}$ . Also,  $T_5$  was at par with  $T_2$ . In combination of manures, the finest performance was observed in  $T_8$  which depicted highest yield of 239.17 q ha<sup>-1</sup>.

Similarly, mean values followed the same pattern as above. The maximum value of 140.91 q ha<sup>-1</sup> was observed in  $T_8$  and minimum of 108.45 q ha<sup>-1</sup> in  $T_1$ .  $T_3$  was found at par with  $T_7$  and  $T_9$ .

#### Seeds per fruit in Okra

During  $1^{st}$  year of experiment, significant improvement in seeds per fruit was observed in Okra as compared to control (Table 4). In year 2016, the maximum value observed was 36.66 in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum observed was 30.33 in T<sub>1</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value 34.00 was better as compared to T<sub>2</sub>, T<sub>3</sub> and T<sub>5</sub>. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value 36.66 was noticed. Similarly, T<sub>10</sub> was found at par with T<sub>6</sub>, T<sub>7</sub> and T<sub>9</sub>. Also, T<sub>5</sub> was found at par with T<sub>2</sub>.

Table 4: Effect of organic manures on seeds per fruit in okra

| Treatment    | 2016                 | 2017                 | Mean                 |
|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| T1: Control  | 30.33 <sup>a</sup>   | 33.33 <sup>a</sup>   | 32.33 <sup>a</sup>   |
| T2: FYM      | 32.00 <sup>ab</sup>  | 35.00 <sup>bc</sup>  | 34.00 <sup>ab</sup>  |
| T3: VC       | 33.33 <sup>bc</sup>  | 36.33 <sup>bc</sup>  | 35.33 <sup>bc</sup>  |
| T4: PM       | 34.00 <sup>bcd</sup> | 37.33 <sup>bcd</sup> | 36.00 <sup>bcd</sup> |
| T5: NC       | 32.00 <sup>ab</sup>  | 35.00 <sup>ab</sup>  | 34.00 <sup>ab</sup>  |
| T6: FYM + PM | 34.66 <sup>cd</sup>  | 38.33 <sup>cde</sup> | 36.66 <sup>cd</sup>  |
| T7: FYM + NC | 35.66 <sup>cd</sup>  | 39.66 <sup>de</sup>  | 37.66 <sup>cd</sup>  |
| T8: VC + PM  | 36.66 <sup>d</sup>   | 40.66 <sup>e</sup>   | 38.66 <sup>d</sup>   |
| T9: VC + NC  | 35.66 <sup>cd</sup>  | 39.66 <sup>de</sup>  | 37.66 <sup>cd</sup>  |
| T10: NC + PM | 36.00 <sup>cd</sup>  | 40.00 <sup>de</sup>  | 38.00 <sup>cd</sup>  |

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

In consecutive year 2017, again significant effect of treatments was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was 40.66 and 33.33 in  $T_8$  and  $T_1$ . In individual treatment, the  $T_4$  performed well as highest value notified was 37.33. In combination context, the finest performance was observed in  $T_8$  which depicted highest value of 40.66.  $T_{10}$  was found at par with  $T_6$ ,  $T_7$  and  $T_9$ . Also,  $T_5$  was found at par with  $T_2$ .

Similarly, mean values followed the same pattern as above. The maximum value 38.66 was observed in  $T_8$  and minimum was 32.33 g in  $T_1$ .  $T_{10}$  was found at par with  $T_6$ ,  $T_7$  and  $T_9$ . Also,  $T_5$  was found at par with  $T_2$ .

#### Total seed yield in Okra

During 1<sup>st</sup> year of experiment, significant improvement in total seed yield was observed in Okra as compared to control (Table 5). In year 2016, the maximum value observed was 21.93 q ha<sup>-1</sup> in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum observed was 19.85 q ha<sup>-1</sup> in T<sub>1</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value 21.10 q ha<sup>-1</sup> was better and was also at par with T<sub>6</sub>, T<sub>7</sub>, T<sub>9</sub> and T<sub>10</sub>. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value 21.93 q ha<sup>-1</sup> was noticed. Also, T<sub>5</sub> was found at par with T<sub>2</sub>.

In consecutive year 2017, again significant effect of treatments was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was 26.32 q ha<sup>-1</sup> and 24.58 q ha<sup>-1</sup> in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub>. In individual treatment, the T<sub>4</sub> performed well as highest value notified was 25.12 q ha<sup>-1</sup> which was at par with T<sub>6</sub>, T<sub>7</sub>, T<sub>9</sub> and T<sub>10</sub>. In combination context, the finest performance was observed in T<sub>8</sub> which depicted highest yield of 26.32 q ha<sup>-1</sup>. Also, T<sub>5</sub> was found at par with T<sub>2</sub>.

 Table 5: Effect of organic manures on total seed yield (quintals ha<sup>-1</sup>) in okra

| Treatment    | 2016                 | 2017                 | Mean                 |
|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| T1: Control  | 19.85 <sup>a</sup>   | 23.82 <sup>a</sup>   | 21.84 <sup>a</sup>   |
| T2: FYM      | 20.48 <sup>ab</sup>  | 24.58 <sup>ab</sup>  | 22.54 <sup>ab</sup>  |
| T3: VC       | 20.95 <sup>abc</sup> | 25.14 <sup>abc</sup> | 23.05 <sup>abc</sup> |
| T4: PM       | 21.10 <sup>bc</sup>  | 25.12 <sup>bc</sup>  | 23.11 <sup>bc</sup>  |
| T5: NC       | 20.49 <sup>ab</sup>  | 24.59 <sup>ab</sup>  | 22.54 <sup>ab</sup>  |
| T6: FYM + PM | 21.76 <sup>bc</sup>  | 26.11 <sup>bc</sup>  | 23.94 <sup>bc</sup>  |
| T7: FYM + NC | 21.29 <sup>bc</sup>  | 25.55 <sup>bc</sup>  | 23.42 <sup>bc</sup>  |
| T8: VC + PM  | 21.93°               | 26.32 <sup>c</sup>   | 24.13 <sup>c</sup>   |
| T9: VC + NC  | 21.57 <sup>bc</sup>  | 25.89 <sup>bc</sup>  | 23.70 <sup>bc</sup>  |
| T10: NC + PM | 21.12 <sup>bc</sup>  | 25.35 <sup>bc</sup>  | 23.24 <sup>bc</sup>  |

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

Similarly, mean values followed the same pattern as above. The maximum value 24.13 q ha<sup>-1</sup> was observed in  $T_8$  and minimum was 21.84 q ha<sup>-1</sup> in  $T_1$ .  $T_4$  was at par with  $T_6$ ,  $T_7$ ,  $T_9$  and  $T_{10}$ . Also,  $T_5$  was found at par with  $T_2$ .

#### Seed yield per plant in Okra

During 1<sup>st</sup> year of experiment, significant improvement in seed yield per plant was observed in Okra as compared to control (Table 6). In year 2016, the maximum value observed was 345.50 g in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum observed was 239.48 g in T<sub>1</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value 306.65 g was better and was also at par with T<sub>6</sub>, T<sub>7</sub> and T<sub>10</sub>. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value 345.50 g was noticed. Also, T<sub>9</sub> was found at par with T<sub>2</sub>.

 Table 6: Effect of organic manures on seed yield per plant (g) in okra

| Treatment    | 2016                   | 2017                  | Mean                  |
|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| T1: Control  | 239.48 <sup>a</sup>    | 562.50 <sup>a</sup>   | 400.99 <sup>a</sup>   |
| T2: FYM      | 272.040 <sup>abc</sup> | 634.18 <sup>abc</sup> | 453.11 <sup>abc</sup> |
| T3: VC       | 292.203 <sup>bc</sup>  | 632.50 <sup>abc</sup> | 462.35 <sup>abc</sup> |
| T4: PM       | 306.65 <sup>cd</sup>   | 702.91 <sup>bcd</sup> | 504.78 <sup>bcd</sup> |
| T5: NC       | 252.12 <sup>ab</sup>   | 607.62 <sup>ab</sup>  | 429.87 <sup>ab</sup>  |
| T6: FYM + PM | 306.77 <sup>cd</sup>   | 730.74 <sup>cd</sup>  | 518.76 <sup>cd</sup>  |
| T7: FYM + NC | 317.36 <sup>cd</sup>   | 736.65 <sup>cd</sup>  | 527.00 <sup>cd</sup>  |
| T8: VC + PM  | 345.50 <sup>d</sup>    | 789.36 <sup>d</sup>   | 567.43 <sup>d</sup>   |
| T9: VC + NC  | 285.16 <sup>abc</sup>  | 721.89 <sup>cd</sup>  | 503.52 <sup>bc</sup>  |
| T10: NC + PM | 310.90 <sup>cd</sup>   | 729.48 <sup>cd</sup>  | 520.19 <sup>cd</sup>  |

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

In consecutive year 2017, again significant effect of treatments was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was 789.36 g and 562.50 g in  $T_8$  and  $T_1$ . In individual treatment, the  $T_4$  performed well as highest value notified was 702.91 g. Similarly,  $T_{10}$  was found at par with  $T_6$ ,  $T_7$  and  $T_9$ . In combination context, the finest performance was observed in  $T_8$  which depicted highest yield of 789.36 g. Also,  $T_3$  was found at par with  $T_2$ .

Similarly, mean values followed the same pattern as above. The maximum value 567.43 g was observed in  $T_8$  and minimum was 400.99 g in  $T_1$ .  $T_9$  was found at par with  $T_6$  and  $T_7$ . Also,  $T_3$  was found at par with  $T_2$ .

#### **Root Volume of Okra**

During 1<sup>st</sup> year of experiment, significant improvement in root volume was observed in Okra as compared to control (Table 7). In year 2016, the maximum value observed was  $30.03 \text{ cm}^3$  in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum observed was  $20.71 \text{ cm}^3$  in T<sub>1</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value  $25.92 \text{ cm}^3$  was better and was also at par with T<sub>8</sub>. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value  $30.03 \text{ cm}^3$  was noticed. Also, T<sub>7</sub> was found at par with T<sub>5</sub> and T<sub>6</sub>.

| Treatment    | 2016                | 2017                | Mean                |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| T1: Control  | 20.71 <sup>a</sup>  | 21.75 <sup>a</sup>  | 21.23 <sup>a</sup>  |
| T2: FYM      | 23.12 <sup>b</sup>  | 24.27 <sup>b</sup>  | 23.70 <sup>b</sup>  |
| T3: VC       | 23.84 <sup>bc</sup> | 25.03 <sup>bc</sup> | 24.44 <sup>bc</sup> |
| T4: PM       | 25.92 <sup>d</sup>  | 27.22 <sup>d</sup>  | 26.57 <sup>d</sup>  |
| T5: NC       | 24.62 <sup>c</sup>  | 25.85°              | 25.24 <sup>c</sup>  |
| T6: FYM + PM | 24.29°              | 25.51°              | 24.90 <sup>c</sup>  |
| T7: FYM + NC | 24.75°              | 25.99°              | 25.37°              |
| T8: VC + PM  | 30.03 <sup>f</sup>  | 31.53 <sup>f</sup>  | 30.78 <sup>f</sup>  |
| T9: VC + NC  | 25.73 <sup>d</sup>  | 27.02 <sup>d</sup>  | 26.37 <sup>d</sup>  |
| T10: NC + PM | 28.63 <sup>e</sup>  | 30.09 <sup>e</sup>  | 29.83 <sup>e</sup>  |

Table 7: Effect of organic manures on root volume (cm<sup>3</sup>) in okra

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

In consecutive year 2017, again significant effect of treatments was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was  $31.53 \text{ cm}^3$  and  $21.75 \text{ cm}^3$  in T<sub>8</sub> and T<sub>1</sub>. In individual treatment, the T<sub>4</sub> performed well as highest value notified was 27.22 cm<sup>3</sup> and was also at par with T<sub>8</sub>. In combination context, the finest performance was observed in T<sub>8</sub> which depicted highest value of  $31.53 \text{ cm}^3$ . Also, T<sub>7</sub> was found at par with T<sub>5</sub> and T<sub>6</sub>.

Similarly, mean values followed the same pattern as above. The maximum value 30.78 cm<sup>3</sup> was observed in  $T_8$  and minimum was 21.23 cm<sup>3</sup> in  $T_1$ .  $T_4$  was found at par with  $T_8$ . Also,  $T_7$  was found at par with  $T_5$  and  $T_6$ .

#### Root Length of Okra

During  $1^{st}$  year of experiment, significant improvement in root length was observed in Okra as compared to control (Table 8). In year 2016, the maximum value observed was 15.36 cm in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum observed was 10.60 cm in T<sub>1</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value 13.26 cm was better and was also at par with T<sub>9</sub>. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value 15.36 cm was noticed. Also, T<sub>7</sub> was found at par with T<sub>5</sub> and T<sub>6</sub>.

Table 8: Effect of organic manures on root length (cm) in okra

| Treatment      | 2016                | 2017                | Mean                |
|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| T1: Control    | 10.60 <sup>a</sup>  | 10.81 <sup>a</sup>  | 10.71 <sup>a</sup>  |
| T2: FYM        | 11.83 <sup>b</sup>  | 12.07 <sup>b</sup>  | 11.95 <sup>b</sup>  |
| T3: VC         | 12.20 <sup>bc</sup> | 12.44 <sup>bc</sup> | 12.32 <sup>bc</sup> |
| T4: PM         | 13.26 <sup>d</sup>  | 13.53 <sup>d</sup>  | 13.40 <sup>d</sup>  |
| T5: NC         | 12.60 <sup>c</sup>  | 12.85 <sup>c</sup>  | 12.73 <sup>c</sup>  |
| T6: $FYM + PM$ | 12.43 <sup>c</sup>  | 12.68 <sup>c</sup>  | 12.55 <sup>c</sup>  |
| T7: FYM + NC   | 12.66 <sup>c</sup>  | 12.92 <sup>c</sup>  | 12.79°              |
| T8: VC + PM    | 15.36 <sup>f</sup>  | 15.69 <sup>f</sup>  | 15.53 <sup>f</sup>  |
| T9: VC + NC    | 13.16 <sup>d</sup>  | 13.42 <sup>d</sup>  | 13.29 <sup>d</sup>  |
| T10: NC + PM   | 14.66 <sup>e</sup>  | 14.96 <sup>e</sup>  | 14.81 <sup>e</sup>  |

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

In consecutive year 2017, again significant effect of treatments was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was 15.69 cm and 13.53 cm in  $T_8$  and  $T_1$ . In individual treatment, the  $T_4$  performed well as highest value notified was 13.53 cm and was also at par with  $T_9$ . In combination context, the finest performance was observed in  $T_8$  which depicted highest value of 15.69 cm. Also,  $T_7$  was found at par with  $T_5$  and  $T_6$ .

Similarly mean values followed the same pattern as above. The maximum value 15.53 cm was observed in  $T_8$  and minimum was 10.71 cm in  $T_1$ .  $T_4$  was found at par with  $T_9$ . Also,  $T_7$  was found at par with  $T_5$  and  $T_6$ .

#### Plant Height 25 DAS in Okra

During  $1^{st}$  year of experiment, significant improvement in plant height was observed in Okra 25 DAS as compared to control (Table 9). In year 2016, the maximum value observed was 36.90 cm in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum observed was 27.73 cm in T<sub>1</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value 13.26 cm was better and was also at par with T<sub>10</sub>. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value 36.90 cm was noticed. Also, T<sub>7</sub> was found at par with T<sub>5</sub> and T<sub>3</sub>.

 Table 9: Effect of organic manures on plant height 25 DAS (cm) in okra

| Treatment      | 2016               | 2017                | Mean               |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| T1: Control    | 27.73 <sup>a</sup> | 29.23 <sup>a</sup>  | 28.48 <sup>a</sup> |
| T2: FYM        | 30.20 <sup>b</sup> | 32.30 <sup>b</sup>  | 31.25 <sup>b</sup> |
| T3: VC         | 32.46 <sup>c</sup> | 34.96 <sup>e</sup>  | 33.71 <sup>d</sup> |
| T4: PM         | 34.63 <sup>e</sup> | 37.43 <sup>fg</sup> | 36.03 <sup>e</sup> |
| T5: NC         | 31.66 <sup>c</sup> | 33.46 <sup>c</sup>  | 32.56 <sup>c</sup> |
| T6: $FYM + PM$ | 35.83 <sup>f</sup> | 37.93 <sup>f</sup>  | 36.88 <sup>f</sup> |
| T7: $FYM + NC$ | 31.63 <sup>c</sup> | 33.03 <sup>c</sup>  | 32.33°             |
| T8: VC $+$ PM  | 36.90 <sup>g</sup> | 40.00 <sup>g</sup>  | 38.45 <sup>g</sup> |
| T9: $VC + NC$  | 32.50 <sup>d</sup> | 34.20 <sup>d</sup>  | 33.35 <sup>d</sup> |
| T10: NC + PM   | 34.63 <sup>e</sup> | 36.83 <sup>f</sup>  | 35.73 <sup>e</sup> |

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

In consecutive year 2017, again significant effect of treatments was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was 40.00 cm and 29.23 cm in  $T_8$  and  $T_1$ . In individual treatment, the  $T_4$  performed well as highest value notified was 37.43 cm. In combination context, the finest performance was observed in  $T_8$  which depicted highest value of 40.00 cm. Also,  $T_7$  was found at par with  $T_5$ . Similarly,  $T_{10}$  was found at par with  $T_6$ .

Similarly, mean values followed the same pattern as above. The maximum value 38.45 cm was observed in  $T_8$  and minimum was 36.03 cm in  $T_1$ .  $T_4$  was found at par with  $T_{10}$ . Also,  $T_7$  was found at par with  $T_5$ . In similar pattern,  $T_9$  was found at par with  $T_3$ .

#### Plant Height 50 DAS in Okra

During 1st year of experiment, significant improvement in plant height was observed in Okra 50 DAS as compared to control (Table 10). In year 2016, the maximum value observed was 73.53 cm in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum observed was 68.83 cm in T<sub>1</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value 71.77 cm was better. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value 73.53 cm was noticed. Also, T<sub>9</sub> was found at par with  $T_3$ ,  $T_6$  and  $T_7$ . Similarly,  $T_5$  was found at par with  $T_2$ . In consecutive year 2017, again significant effect of treatments was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was 80.14 cm and 76.12 cm in  $T_8$  and  $T_1$ . In individual treatment, the T<sub>4</sub> performed well as highest value notified was 78.23 cm. In combination context, the finest performance was observed in T<sub>8</sub> which depicted highest value of 80.14 cm. Also, T<sub>9</sub> was found at par with T<sub>3</sub>, T<sub>6</sub> and T<sub>7</sub>. Similarly,  $T_5$  was found at par with  $T_2$ .

 Table 10: Effect of organic manures on plant height 50 DAS (cm) in okra

| Treatment    | 2016                  | 2017                  | Mean                  |
|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| T1: Control  | 69.83 <sup>a</sup>    | 76.12 <sup>a</sup>    | 72.97 <sup>a</sup>    |
| T2: FYM      | 70.87 <sup>ab</sup>   | 77.24 <sup>ab</sup>   | 74.06 <sup>ab</sup>   |
| T3: VC       | 71.33 <sup>abc</sup>  | 77.76 <sup>abc</sup>  | 74.54 <sup>abc</sup>  |
| T4: PM       | 71.77 <sup>abcd</sup> | 78.23 <sup>abcd</sup> | 75.00 <sup>abcd</sup> |
| T5: NC       | 71.00 <sup>ab</sup>   | 77.39 <sup>ab</sup>   | 74.20 <sup>ab</sup>   |
| T6: FYM + PM | 72.06 <sup>bcd</sup>  | 78.55 <sup>bcd</sup>  | 75.30 <sup>bcd</sup>  |
| T7: FYM + NC | 71.99 <sup>bcd</sup>  | 78.47 <sup>bcd</sup>  | 75.23 <sup>bcd</sup>  |
| T8: VC + PM  | 73.53 <sup>d</sup>    | 80.14 <sup>d</sup>    | 76.840 <sup>d</sup>   |
| T9: VC + NC  | 72.90 <sup>bcd</sup>  | 79.46 <sup>bcd</sup>  | 76.18 <sup>bcd</sup>  |
| T10: NC + PM | 73.63 <sup>cd</sup>   | 79.96 <sup>cd</sup>   | 76.66 <sup>cd</sup>   |

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

Similarly, mean values followed the same pattern as above. The maximum value 76.84 cm was observed in  $T_8$  and minimum was 72.97 cm in  $T_1$ . Also,  $T_9$  was found at par with  $T_3$ ,  $T_6$  and  $T_7$ . Similarly,  $T_5$  was found at par with  $T_2$ .

#### Plant Height 75 DAS in Okra

During  $1^{st}$  year of experiment, significant improvement in plant height was observed in Okra 75 DAS as compared to control (Table 11). In year 2016, the maximum value observed was 116.33 cm in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum observed was 97.53 cm in T<sub>1</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value 114.53 cm was better and was found at par with T<sub>6</sub> and T<sub>10</sub>. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value 116.33 cm was noticed. Also, T<sub>9</sub> was found at par with T<sub>3</sub> and T<sub>7</sub>.

 Table 11: Effect of organic manures on plant height 75 DAS (cm) in okra

| Treatment    | 2016                | 2017                | Mean               |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| T1: Control  | 97.53ª              | 99.03ª              | 73.13 <sup>a</sup> |
| T2: FYM      | 109.53°             | 111.63°             | 85.66 <sup>c</sup> |
| T3: VC       | 112.30 <sup>d</sup> | 114.80 <sup>d</sup> | 88.26 <sup>d</sup> |
| T4: PM       | 114.53 <sup>e</sup> | 117.33 <sup>e</sup> | 90.46 <sup>e</sup> |
| T5: NC       | 107.00 <sup>b</sup> | 108.80 <sup>b</sup> | 84.33 <sup>b</sup> |
| T6: FYM + PM | 114.96 <sup>e</sup> | 117.06 <sup>e</sup> | 90.68 <sup>e</sup> |
| T7: FYM + NC | 113.20 <sup>d</sup> | 114.60 <sup>d</sup> | 88.78 <sup>d</sup> |
| T8: VC + PM  | 116.33 <sup>f</sup> | 119.43 <sup>f</sup> | 92.81 <sup>f</sup> |
| T9: VC + NC  | 112.26 <sup>d</sup> | 113.96 <sup>d</sup> | 88.43 <sup>d</sup> |
| T10: NC + PM | 114.53 <sup>e</sup> | 116.73 <sup>e</sup> | 90.16 <sup>e</sup> |

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

In consecutive year 2017, again significant effect of treatments was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was 119.43 cm and 99.03 cm in  $T_8$  and  $T_1$ . In individual treatment, the  $T_4$  performed well as highest value notified was 117.33 cm and was found at par with  $T_6$  and  $T_{10}$ . In combination context, the finest performance was observed in  $T_8$  which depicted highest value of 119.43 cm. Also,  $T_9$  was found at par with  $T_3$  and  $T_7$ .

Similarly, mean values followed the same pattern as above. The maximum value 92.81 cm was observed in  $T_8$  and minimum was 73.13 cm in  $T_1$ . Also,  $T_4$  was found at par with  $T_6$  and  $T_{10}$ . Similarly,  $T_9$  was found at par with  $T_3$  and  $T_7$ .

#### No. of fruits per plant

During 1<sup>st</sup> year of experiment, significant improvement in fruits per plant was observed in Okra as compared to control (Table 12). In year 2016, the maximum value observed was 17.00 in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum observed was 14.66 in T<sub>1</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value 16.33 was better and was found at par with T<sub>2</sub>, T<sub>3</sub>, T<sub>5</sub>, T<sub>6</sub>, T<sub>7</sub>, T<sub>9</sub> and T<sub>10</sub>. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value 17.00 was noticed.

 Table 12: Effect of organic manures on number of fruits per plant in okra

| Treatment    | 2016                | 2017               | Mean                |
|--------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| T1: Control  | 14.66 <sup>a</sup>  | 16.66 <sup>a</sup> | 15.77 <sup>a</sup>  |
| T2: FYM      | 15.66 <sup>bc</sup> | 17.66 <sup>a</sup> | 16.84 <sup>ab</sup> |
| T3: VC       | 15.00 <sup>bc</sup> | 17.00 <sup>a</sup> | 16.12 <sup>ab</sup> |
| T4: PM       | 16.33 <sup>bc</sup> | 18.66 <sup>a</sup> | 17.56 <sup>ab</sup> |
| T5: NC       | 15.00 <sup>bc</sup> | 17.00 <sup>a</sup> | 16.12 <sup>ab</sup> |
| T6: FYM + PM | 16.66 <sup>bc</sup> | 19.33 <sup>a</sup> | 17.92 <sup>ab</sup> |
| T7: FYM + NC | 16.33 <sup>bc</sup> | 18.66 <sup>a</sup> | 17.56 <sup>ab</sup> |
| T8: VC + PM  | 17.00 <sup>c</sup>  | 19.66 <sup>a</sup> | 18.27 <sup>b</sup>  |
| T9: VC + NC  | 16.00 <sup>bc</sup> | 18.33 <sup>a</sup> | 17.20 <sup>ab</sup> |
| T10: NC + PM | 16.22 <sup>bc</sup> | 18.33 <sup>a</sup> | 17.20 <sup>ab</sup> |

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

In consecutive year 2017, no significant effect of treatments was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was 19.66 and 16.66 in  $T_8$  and  $T_1$ . In individual treatment, the  $T_4$  performed well as highest value notified was 18.66. In combination context, the finest performance was observed in  $T_8$  which depicted highest value of 19.66.

In mean values, the maximum value 18.27 was observed in  $T_8$  and minimum was 15.77 in  $T_1$ . Also,  $T_4$  was found at par with  $T_2$ ,  $T_3$ ,  $T_5$ ,  $T_6$ ,  $T_7$ ,  $T_9$  and  $T_{10}$ .

#### Fruit Length of Okra

During  $1^{st}$  year of experiment, significant improvement in fruit length was observed in Okra as compared to control (Table 13). In year 2016, the maximum value observed was 9.42 cm in T<sub>8</sub> and minimum observed was 7.85 cm in T<sub>1</sub>. Also in individual applications the T<sub>4</sub> performance with value 8.76 cm was better and was found at par with T<sub>3</sub>, T<sub>6</sub>, T<sub>7</sub> and T<sub>10</sub>. In combination of manures, the best performing treatment was T<sub>8</sub> in which the highest value 9.42 cm was noticed. Also, T<sub>5</sub> was found at par with T<sub>1</sub>.

| Treatment         | 2016                | 2017                 | Mean                 |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| T1: Control       | 7.85 <sup>a</sup>   | 10.66 <sup>a</sup>   | 9.28 <sup>a</sup>    |
| T2: FYM           | 7.99 <sup>ab</sup>  | 10.99 <sup>ab</sup>  | 9.49 <sup>ab</sup>   |
| T3: VC            | 8.49 <sup>abc</sup> | 11.47 <sup>abc</sup> | 9.98 <sup>abc</sup>  |
| T4: PM            | 8.76 <sup>abc</sup> | 11.83 <sup>abc</sup> | 10.29 <sup>abc</sup> |
| T5: NC            | 7.87 <sup>a</sup>   | 10.62 <sup>a</sup>   | 9.24 <sup>a</sup>    |
| T6: FYM + PM      | 8.84 <sup>abc</sup> | 11.94 <sup>abc</sup> | 10.39 <sup>abc</sup> |
| T7: $FYM + NC$    | 8.89 <sup>abc</sup> | 12.01 <sup>abc</sup> | 10.45 <sup>abc</sup> |
| T8: VC + PM       | 9.42°               | 12.71 <sup>c</sup>   | 11.07°               |
| T9: VC + NC       | 9.01 <sup>bc</sup>  | 12.17 <sup>bc</sup>  | 10.59 <sup>bc</sup>  |
| T10: NC + PM      | 8.62 <sup>abc</sup> | 11.64 <sup>abc</sup> | 10.13 <sup>abc</sup> |
| 4.3.6 1 1.1 1.1 1 |                     |                      |                      |

Table 13: Effect of organic manures on fruit length (cm) in okra.

\*Mean values with similar alphabet in a subset are statistically at par.

In consecutive year 2017, again significant effect of treatments was observed. Maximum and minimum value identified was 12.71 cm and 10.66 cm in  $T_8$  and  $T_1$ . In individual treatment, the  $T_4$  performed well as highest value notified was 11.83 cm and was found at par with  $T_3$ ,  $T_6$ ,  $T_7$  and  $T_{10}$ . In combination context, the finest performance was observed in  $T_8$  which depicted highest value of 12.71 cm.

Similarly, mean values followed the same pattern as above. The maximum value 11.07 cm was observed in  $T_8$  and minimum was 9.28 cm in  $T_1$ . Also,  $T_4$  was found at par with  $T_3$ ,  $T_6$ ,  $T_7$  and  $T_{10}$ .

#### Discussion

#### **Okra Growth Parameters**

The per fruit weight, fruit weight per plant, seeds per fruit, total seed yield, seed yield per plant, root volume and length increased significantly in comparison to control and high values were observed in poultry manure and combinations which shows that poultry manure was available in the best form for easy absorption by the plant roots, hence there was a boost in the morphological growth of the plant. The results of morphological parameters like plant height which is genetically controlled character however showed significant improvement and this corroborated with the findings of Ajari et al. (2003)<sup>[1]</sup> in okra production in which they reported that organic manure could increase plant height of crops when compared with other sources of manures. The increase in number of leaves per plant, fruit length and plant girth with organic fertilizer application stressed the importance of organic manures during the vegetative growth of plants (Tindall, 1992) <sup>[10]</sup>. The increase in yield of okra can be attributed to poultry manure and vermicompost application and combination of both because of its easy solubilization effect of released plant nutrients having impact on improved nutrient availability, infiltration rate and water holding capacity of the soil. The results recorded were in agreement with the findings of Sanwal et al. (2007) [9] in turmeric (Curcuma longa) and by Premsekhar and Rajashree (2009)<sup>[8]</sup> in okra (Abelmoscus esculentus) in which they reported that higher yield response of crops due to organic manure

application could be attributed to improved physical properties like reduced bulk density and biological properties which may include improvement in microbial and enzymatic status of the soil resulting in better supply of nutrients to plants. This yield boost also confirms findings of Akande et al. (2003)<sup>[2]</sup> that supply of organic manures could improve slightly acidic tropical soil to improve crop yield and production. The height of the okra studied is perhaps more of genetic than an environmental trait. The increase in number of leaf per plant with organic manure application in treatments related its importance to the improved vegetative growth of crop plants (Tindall, 1992)<sup>[10]</sup>. The improvement in other parameters like no. of fruits per plant, fruit length can be credited to the nutrients supplied by the different manure sources might have been diverted to increased vegetative growth. Also, due to the bulkiness of manures and higher amount of nutrients already present in the soil may contribute to this phenomenon.

#### Conclusion

In the experiment, applications of organic manures have a significant impact on the Per fruit weight of Okra, Fruit Weight per plant, Crop yield, Seeds per fruit, Total seed yield, Seed yield per plant, Root Volume, Root Length, Plant Height 25 DAS, Plant Height 50 DAS, Plant Height 75 DAS, No. of fruits per plant and Fruit Length. The best performing treatment was Treatment No. 8 which includes the application of combination of Vermicompost and Poultry Manure as compared to control. In overall aspect, the application of manures and their combination can have a positive impact on growth and yield of Okra.

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